

# D/F MACHINE SPECIALTIES, INC.

MIG & TIG Welding Products, Consumables & Accessories

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# AIR COOLED MIG BARRELS GASLESS



Model MAC-G - Collet Action (Slip-In Tip)

**Model MAT-G - Threaded Current Tip** 

**Gasless** 

Barrel Length: 6-5/8"



D/F MACHINE SPECIALTIES is a world leader in the design, development, and manufacture of "MIG" (GMAW) & "TIG" (GTAW) welding products, consumables and accessories. D/F offers several types of manual Air or Water-Cooled "MIG" welding tools, and with the increased use of automated and robotic welding systems, a demand has been created for welding tools of the highest quality, durability and interchangeability. For over forty years, D/F welding products have been used extensively on "MIG" and "TIG" welding applications. This experience, coupled with patented design features, unavailable on any other competitive equipment, has made D/F welding tools the most advanced "MIG" and "TIG" welding guns and barrels for semi-automatic, automatic or robotic welding applications.

This Catalog is a guide to helping you select the proper tool for a given semi-automatic, automatic or robotic welding application. The following is only a partial listing of available semi-automatic, automatic and robotic guns. For further information on special "MIG" and "TIG" requirements, please consult the factory.

## Customer satisfaction and customer benefits are the center points of all strategic contents

The spirit of the D/F Machine Specialties personnel is to listen to and to integrate the customer throughout the process, to develop and design marketable products, to present prototypes, to carry out pilot tests and to prepare for and be open to new technology and tasks. We attract and carefully select talented individuals who share our values. Together we will nurture and sustain a work environment with two-way communication, training, mentoring, and rewarding career opportunities.

#### Innovation and quality

Innovation and quality come from being receptive and willing to learn from others. We encourage our people to be creative and take risks in the pursuit of excellence. Innovative practices are deeply rooted in every one of our employees, a philosophy that leads to continuous product development and industry firsts.

## **Progress**

By remaining confident, focused, and persistent in challenging times, we will discover opportunity. Commitment to quality and the pursuit on innovation ensure that D/F Machine Specialties will remain an industry leader for years to come.

#### Commitment to excellence

At D/F Machine Specialties we commit to design, build and deliver premium products and superior customer support to quality driven welding professionals. Customers still to this day choose D/F over competitors because of our responsiveness and flexibility. Customers will continue to choose D/F tomorrow for our superior hand-made products and service. To ensure this, we need creative and competent personnel in all business divisions, an intensive exchange of thoughts and ideas with all users, participation in working and study groups within the field of welding technology and intensive cooperation with institutes and universities.

#### **Teamwork**

Striving for excellence is a commitment that is an integral component of the D/F Culture. Our team of skilled and dedicated employees takes pride in the excellence products they produce. Each of us willingly accepts personal responsibility for meeting our commitments and we hold each other to a high standard of accountability.

## Responsibility

We will continually strive to be environmentally responsible and to support the health and safety of our employees, customers, and neighbors. We continue to support the communities in which we operate and the industries in which we participate.

## Thank You for Choosing D/F Machine Specialties



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## **SAFETY MEASURES - \*\*PLEASE READ!\*\***

Welding is not particularly hazardous when certain safety practices are followed. Anyone using this equipment should be thoroughly trained in safe welding practices. Failure to observe safe practices may cause serious injury. Handling welding torches presents no danger if the appropriate safety regulations are strictly adhered to. For example:

- · Starting-up procedures must be reserved for those fully conversant with processes relating to arc welding equipment.
- Arc welding can prove damaging to eyes, skin, and hearing! It is therefore imperative that the Accident Prevention Regulations UVV 26.0 and VGB 15 are fully observed and that all protective clothing, eve and ear protectors specified are worn.
- The load data given are maximum limit figures. Overloading will inevitably damage the torch!
- · Before changing wear parts, disconnect for the power supply.
- The operating instructions for the individual welding components e.g. power source, wire feed and cooling unit must be followed.
- · Never pull the cable assembly across sharp edges or set down close to weld spatter or on a hot workpiece.
- Those not involved in the welding process should be protected by curtains or partitions from radiation and the danger of being dazzled.
- · When handling gas cylinders, consult the instructions issued by the manufacturers and the suppliers of the pressurized gas.
- Workpieces which have been degreased using chlorinated solvents must be sprayed down with clean water before welding starts to avoid the risk of phosgene forming. For the same reason, no degreasing baths containing chlorine must be placed close to the welding point.
- All vapors given off by metals can cause harm and a special warning is attached to lead, cadmium, copper, zinc, and beryllium. If necessary, take appropriate precautions (by providing adequate ventilation or an extraction system) to ensure that the legal maximum levels of toxic concentrations are not exceeded.

For more information, refer to the following standards in their latest revisions and comply as applicable.

- ANSI Standard Z49.1, SAFETY IN WELDING AND CUTTING obtainable from the American Welding Society, 2501 N.W. 7th St., Miami, FL 33125.
- ANSI Standard Z41.1, STANDARD FOR MEN'S SAFETY TOE FOOTWEAR obtainable from the American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018.
- ANSI Standard Z49.2, FIRE PREVENTION IN THE USE OF CUTTING AND WELDING PROCESSES obtainable from the American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018.
- OSHA, SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS, 29CRF 1910, obtainable from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.
- AWS Standard A6.0, WELDING AND CUTTING CONTAINERS WHICH HAVE HELD COMBUSTABLES obtainable from the American Welding Society, 2501 N.W. 7th St., Miami, FL 33125.
- NFPA Standard 70-1978, NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE obtainable from the National Fire Protection Association, 470 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, MA 02210.
- ANSI Standard Z88.2, "Practice for Respiratory Protection" obtainable from the American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10018.
- ANSI Standard Z87.1, SAFE PRACTICES FOR OCCUPATION AND EDUCATIONAL EYE AND FACE PROTECTION obtainable from the American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, NY, 10018.
- NIOSH, SAFETY AND HEALTH IN ARC WELDING AND GAS WELDING AND CUTTING obtainable from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.
- American Welding Society Standard AWSF4.1 "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", obtainable from the American Welding Society, 2501 N.W. 7th St., Miami, FL 33125.

## INTRODUCTION

These Air-Cooled Gasless Machine Barrels are readily adaptable to mechanized or robotic welding. They are furnished completely assembled and ready for installation. The gasless torch has the feature of individual replaceable service connections to add to the durability and long life of the barrel assembly. Direct mounting is accomplished by connecting the torch to the welding head or wire drive using a feeder adapter. Different length extensions are available to extend the length of the torch as needed. Remote mounting is accomplished by an insulated mounting bracket, and utilizing a casing/conduit connected by an adapter to the torch and by a feeder adapter to the wire drive.

Two models are available. The Models MAC-G & MAT-G have a current capacity up to 400 amps. The model MAC-G features a slip-in current tip fastened by a collet nut, and the model MAT-G uses a threaded type current tip. The wire diameter range for both models includes .030"-1/16" with hard and cored wire.

For further information or help with D/F Machine Specialties products, please visit our web site at www.dfmachinespecialties.com, or consult the factory at 1-507-625-6200.

## TABLE 1 - ORDERING INFORMATION - MAC-G/MAT-G

| DESCRIPTION          | CODE NO. FOR SELECTION OF AVAILABLE LENGTHS |         |         |         |         |         |         |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|
|                      | BARREL ONLY                                 | 3 Ft.   | 4 Ft.   | 5 Ft.   | 6 Ft.   | 7 Ft.   | 8 Ft.   |  |  |  |  |
| MAC-G (Slip-In Tip)  | 12743                                       | 19680   | 19681   | 19682   | 19683   | 19684   | 19685   |  |  |  |  |
|                      | MAC-G43                                     | MAC-G80 | MAC-G81 | MAC-G82 | MAC-G83 | MAC-G84 | MAC-G85 |  |  |  |  |
| MAT-G (Threaded Tip) | 12742                                       | 19674   | 19675   | 19676   | 19677   | 19678   | 19679   |  |  |  |  |
|                      | MAT-G42                                     | MAT-G74 | MAT-G75 | MAT-G76 | MAT-G77 | MAT-G78 | MAT-G79 |  |  |  |  |

## **TABLE 2 - SPECIFICATIONS**

| MODEL           | CURRENT<br>CAPACITY | LENGTH | DIAMETER OF<br>BODY HOUSING | WEIGHT<br>(APPROX.) | RECOMMENDED WIRE DIAMETER RANGE |
|-----------------|---------------------|--------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| MAC-G/<br>MAT-G | 400 amps            | 6-5/8" | 1.25"                       | 1.8 lbs.            | .030"-1/16" Hard/Cored          |

## **TABLE 1 - SPARE PARTS**

| ITEM        | CODE NO.       | MIN QTY. |
|-------------|----------------|----------|
| Adapter Nut | 16815          | 2        |
| Current Tip | To Be Selected | 25       |
| Collet Nut  | To Be Selected | 1        |
| Body Liner  | To Be Selected | 2        |

## **TABLE 4 - CURRENT TIPS**

## **CURRENT TIPS - 5/16" DIAMETER SLIP-IN**

| Gun/Barrel Model             | Wire Size | Wire Type | Code No. |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| All NC, NCC, NCM             | .030"     | Hard      | 10883    |
| (Tip provides 1/8" set back) | .035"     | Hard      | 10884    |
|                              | .045"     | Hard      | 10885    |
|                              | .052"     | Hard      | 10886    |
|                              | 1/16"     | Hard      | 10887    |
|                              | 5/64"     | Hard      | 10888    |
|                              | 3/32"     | Hard      | 10889    |
|                              | 7/64"     | Hard      | 10904    |
|                              | 1/8"      | Hard      | 10933    |
| All NC, NCC, NCM             | .035"     | Cored     | 10893    |
| (Tip provides 3/8" set back) | .045"     | Cored     | 10894    |
|                              | .052"     | Cored     | 10895    |
|                              | 1/16"     | Cored     | 10896    |
|                              | 5/64"     | Cored     | 10897    |
|                              | 3/32"     | Cored     | 10898    |
|                              | 7/64"     | Cored     | 10899    |
|                              | 1/8"      | Cored     | 10900    |
| All NC, NCC, NCM             | 3/64"     | Soft      | 10902    |
| (Tip provides 1/8" set back) | 1/16"     | Soft      | 10935    |
|                              | 5/64"     | Soft      | 10888    |
|                              | 3/32"     | Soft      | 10936    |



## **CURRENT TIPS - 7/16" DIAMETER THREADED**

| Gun/Barrel Model             | Wire Size | Wire Type | Code No. |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| All HT, HTC, HTM, CTW, CW-T, | .035"     | Hard      | 15116    |
| MTW                          | .045"     | Hard      | 15117    |
| (Tip provides 1/8" set back) | .052"     | Hard      | 15121    |
|                              | 1/16"     | Hard      | 15118    |
|                              | 5/64"     | Hard      | 15119    |
|                              | 3/32"     | Hard      | 15120    |
|                              | 7/64"     | Hard      | 15122    |
|                              | 1/8"      | Hard      | 15105    |
| All HT, HTC, HTM, CTW, CW-T, | .035"     | Cored     | 15101    |
| MTW                          | .045"     | Cored     | 15106    |
| (Tip provides 3/8" set back) | .052"     | Cored     | 15112    |
|                              | 1/16"     | Cored     | 15107    |
|                              | 5/64"     | Cored     | 15108    |
|                              | 3/32"     | Cored     | 15109    |
|                              | 7/64"     | Cored     | 15110    |
|                              | 1/8"      | Cored     | 15111    |
| All HT, HTC, HTM, CTW, CW-T, | 3/64"     | Aluminum  | 15126    |
| MTW                          | 1/16"     | Aluminum  | 15125    |
| (Tip provides 1/8" set back) | 5/64"     | Aluminum  | 15087    |
|                              | 3/32"     | Aluminum  | 15148    |
|                              | 1/8"      | Aluminum  | 15123    |

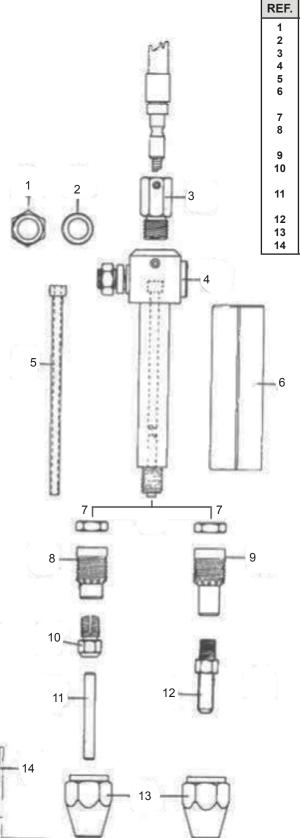


## CURRENT TIPS - 2-1/2" SLIP-IN - 1/4" DIAMETER

| Gun/Barrel Model             | Wire Size | Wire Type | Code No. |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| All NC, NCC, NCM             | .030"     | Hard      | 10794    |
| (Tip provides 1/8" set back) | .035"     | Hard      | 10795    |
|                              | .045"     | Hard      | 10796    |
|                              | .052"     | Hard      | 10840    |
|                              | 1/16"     | Hard      | 10797    |
| All NC, NCC, NCM             | 3/64"     | Aluminum  | 10785    |
| (Tip provides 1/8" set back) | 1/16"     | Aluminum  | 10786    |



## **AIR-COOLED MACHINE BARREL**



| REF. | CODE NO. | DESCRIPTION                                     |
|------|----------|---|
| 1    | 14335    | Nut   |
| 2    | 14322    | Washer  |
| 3    | 14111    | Casing Adapter                                  |
| 4    | 16731    | Inner Body                                      |
| 5    |          | Alignment Tube (see p. 13, Table 7)             |
| 6    | 16066    | Sleeve (Split - used with Bracket 14090)        |
|      | 16050    | Sleeve (Furnished when direct mounted)          |
| 7    | 16202    | Jam Nut   |
| 8    | 13205    | Adapter - Collet Nut for 1/4" Slip-In Tips      |
|      | 13209    | Adapter - Collet Nut for 5/16" Slip-In Tips     |
| 9    | 12019    | Adapter - 7/16" Threaded Tip                    |
| 10   | 11950    | Collet Nut - 1/4" Slip-In Tip                   |
|      | 18262    | Collet Nut - 5/16" Slip-In Tip                  |
| 11   |          | Current Tip - 1/4" Slip-In (see p. 6, Table 4)  |
|      |          | Current Tip - 5/16" Slip-In (see p. 6, Table 4) |
| 12   |          | Current Tip - 7/16" Th'd (see p. 6, Table 4)    |
| 13   | 16815    | Adapter Nut                                     |
| 14   | 12111    | Wrench  |

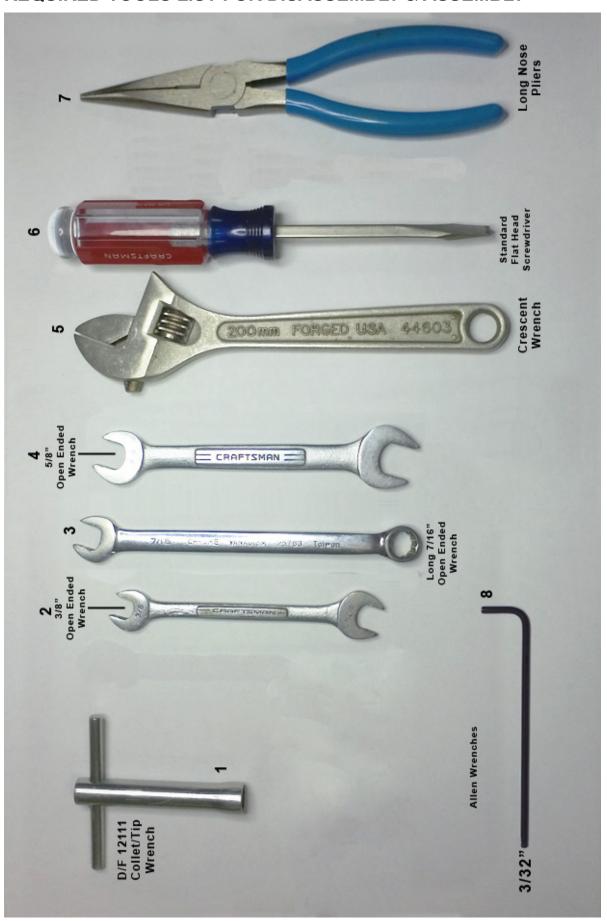
## REQUIRED TOOLS LIST FOR DISASSEMBLY & ASSEMBLY

- 1. **D/F 12111 Collet/Tip Wrench** This is the only tool that should ever be used to tighten the collet nut or the tip. Pressure should be 30 lbs., or as snug as hand tightened. Never use another wrench to apply more torque to this wrench.
- 2. 3/8" Open Ended Wrench This is used on the inner body's gas hose fitting to secure the gas hose to the torch's inner body. A crescent wrench could be used instead, but due to the large size of crescent wrenches, we prefer the smaller size of the open ended wrenches. You never want to use excessive force by using too large of a wrench. You will use the Long 7/16" Open Ended Wrench for the fitting on the gas hose itself while using the 3/8" wrench to steady the inner body at the fitting. (see #4)
- 3. Long 7/16" Open Ended Wrench This is used to secure the gas hose to the torch's inner body. (see #3)

#### 4. 5/8" Open Ended Wrench

- A. This wrench is used to secure the adapter and jam nut that hold the current tip to the inner body. In your left hand hold the inner body, and with your right hand thread up the adapter using the 5/8" Open Ended Wrench until it is tight. Now place the same wrench on the jam nut and snug it up against the inner body. Keeping that wrench on the jam nut and placing it on the table for force, take a second 5/8" Open Ended Wrench, place it on the adapter and push it down (counter-clockwise) securing the adapter to the inner body.
- B. This is used to secure the nut and washer to hold the power cable lug on the torch's body.
- 5. Adjustable Crescent Wrench A medium size adjustable crescent wrench could be used as well. CAUTION: Never use excessive force with large wrenches, for you could twist or break parts.
- 6. Standard Flat Head Screwdriver This is used to tighten or secure the torch's body screw. Also, the screwdriver can be used to straighten the contact tip if it is not aligned in the center of the gas cup or water-cooled nozzle CAUTION: This cannot be done unless the spatter disc has been removed from the torch.
- 7. Long Nose Pliers These are very handy when changing a slip-in contact tip.
- 8. 3/32" Allen Wrench This is used to secure the set screw that holds the casing in the torch's inner body.

## REQUIRED TOOLS LIST FOR DISASSEMBLY & ASSEMBLY



## **HOW DO I CUT, FIT, AND INSTALL A NEW LINER?**

- 1. Be sure the MIG Gun cable is arranged in a straight line, free from twists, when installing or removing a wire liner.
- 2. Remove the old liner by first removing the MIG gun's contact tip.
- 3. Pull the old wire liner out of the conduit/casing assembly from the feeder connector or feeder adapter plug end. If you are using a feeder adapter that has an inlet, the inlet must be removed first. If you have any problems removing the liner you may un-thread the feeder adapter first this will also back the liner out of the conduit/casing.
- 4. If you know that the old liner is the correct length or is still the original liner that was cut at the factory you may hold the new liner up against the old liner and cut off the new liner to the same size as the old liner.
- 5. Make sure you have a good sharp cut off with no material sticking out!
- 6. To get the correct length of the new liner, insert the liner into the feeder adapter and feed it through the conduit/casing.
- 7. Once again be sure the MIG Gun cable is arranged in a straight line, free from twists, when installing a new wire liner.
- 8. Sometimes on longer conduits/casings and liners it may take 2 people together; one on each end to rotate and twist the conduit/casing to get the liner trough the torch.
- 9. If you have any troubles getting a liner through a torch make sure you have a good sharp cut off, and if you have to you can gently sand the end of the liner on a belt sander. You can remove the cast in the aluminum liner by pre-bending and straightening the liner before loading.
- 10. After the new liner comes out the end of the torch you want to cut the new liner off flush with the end of the copper gas nozzle or Cu gas cup.
- 11. Now you have the overall length of the liner, you still have to take out the length of the contact tip.
- 12. Carefully remove the liner one more time.
- 13. After removing the liner hold the gun end of the liner up against the tip.
- 14. Cut off the length off the tip plus the set back of the tip (1/8" or 3/8" tip setbacks)
- 15. Now that you have cut off the length of the tip plus the setback you may install the new liner and it will back up into the back of the tip chamfer.
- 16. We always recommend checking the condition of the insulation tube in the front of the torch and collet nut that holds the slip-in tip.
- 17. We always recommend replacing the spatter disc/gas diffuser, contact tip, and nozzle, after installing a new liner.
- 18. Tighten the flat head set screw in the inner body, or the Allen set screw in the docking spool onto the conduit/casing to prevent backward movement or an unwanted pumping action.

## WHAT IS THE PROPER USE OF THE NOZZLE THREAD CHASER TAP?

All D/F Nozzles are hand checked for fit before and after plating, and checked again before shipping. If a nozzle has been installed on a new complete torch, they have also been hand checked while being assembled.

The only reason to ever take a gas cup out a nozzle is to clean it. The nozzle and the gas cup must be blown out, and all of the threads have to be wire brushed and blown out again before hand-tightening the gas cup back into the nozzle. If you can't thread it in by hand then something is wrong. Never force a gas cup into a nozzle.

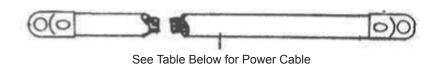
When using the D/F Machine Specialties nozzle thread chaser taps, be sure to always follow the steps below:

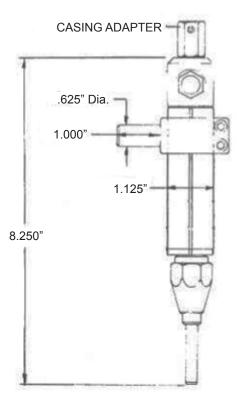
- 1. Make sure that the nozzle is properly supported when tapping so it does not twist in the front of the torch body and cause damage.
  - Improper support can cause the spigots to twist off the top of the rear nozzle collar, or damage the torch internal body parts.
  - Note where the water ports go down the sides of the water-cooled nozzle (following down in line with the spigots). Too much direct pressure on these water ports could cause them to cave in and block of the flow of water.
  - Best practice is to hold the water-cooled nozzle in a vice with soft jaws, perpendicular to the spigots.
  - · Over-tightening of the vice can cause damage in general.
- 2. Remove the tip from the front of the torch before tapping.
- 3. Lightly lubricate the nozzle and nozzle thread chaser tap before tapping.
- 4. Be sure to start the tap very carefully. Do not cross thread the nozzle.
- 5. Be very careful to start threads correctly. Only tap 1/2 turn at a time, always backing up and removing chips 1/2 cycle at a time before moving forward. Do not try to tap further into the water-cooled nozzle than needed or past the factory thread depth.
- 6. Blow out the nozzle after tapping. Wire brush and blow off the gas cup before threading it back into the nozzle.
- 7. If nozzle is badly deformed or damaged please return to the factory for a repair estimate before disposing of product (damaged parts can often be repaired).

#### ORDERING INFORMATION - NOZZLE THREAD CHASER TAPS

| CODE NO. | DESCRIPTION   | USED WITH<br>NOZZLE ASSEMBLY  | USED FOR<br>GAS NOZZLE                                      |
|----------|---|---|---|
| 14610    | Nozzle Thread Chaser Tap<br>for Standard A/C & W/C<br>Nozzle Assembly Front     | 13197<br>16184<br>11117, 45101<br>11118, 45102<br>11119, 45103<br>45114<br>45107<br>NCC-N/HTC-N<br>NCC-LRN, HTC-LRN | 10340<br>10359<br>10362<br>10374                            |
| 14611    | Nozzle Thread Chaser Tap<br>for BIG MIG & BIG TIG<br>Nozzle Assembly Front      | 11123   | 10382<br>10387<br>10389<br>10390<br>10392                   |
| 14612    | Nozzle Thread Chaser Tap<br>for Nozzle Body<br>Assembly Rear                    | 13196<br>13197<br>13198<br>16184  |   |
| 14614    | Nozzle Thread Chaser Tap<br>for Series A High-Capacity<br>Nozzle Assembly Front | 11142, 45120<br>11138, 45121<br>45127<br>11132, 45129<br>45125  | 16748<br>16749<br>16750<br>16751<br>18030<br>18031<br>18032 |
| 14615    | Nozzle Thread Chaser Tap<br>for Nozzle Body<br>Assembly Front                   | 13198   | 10379   |
| 14617    | Nozzle Thread Chaser Tap<br>for Tandem Nozzle<br>Assembly Front                 | 41641   | 41667<br>41668  |

## **REMOTE MOUNTING - AIR-COOLED GASLESS MACHINE BARREL**





## **ORDERING INFORMATION - POWER CABLE**

| DESCRIPTION     |       |       |       | CODI  | E NO. |       |       |        |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| DESCRIPTION     | 2 Ft. | 3 Ft. | 4 Ft. | 5 Ft. | 6 Ft. | 7 Ft. | 8 Ft. | 10 Ft. |
| Power Cable 1/0 | 16052 | 16039 | 15256 | 16437 | 15257 | 16822 | 15258 | 15259  |
| Power Cable 2/0 | 15232 | 16075 | 15263 | 16438 | 15264 | 16823 | 15265 | 15266  |

## **TABLE 5 - LINERS**

| Description | Wire Size      | 2 Ft. | 3 Ft. | 4 Ft. | 5 Ft. | 6 Ft. | 7 Ft. | 8 Ft. | 10 Ft. | 12 Ft. | 15 Ft. |
|-------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| Hard        | .030"          | -     | 14130 | 14131 | 14132 | 16818 | 16819 | 16820 | 12320  | 12321  | 12322  |
| Hard/Cored  | .035"045" **   | 16443 | 16444 | 16445 | 16446 | 16447 | 16448 | 16449 | 16407  | 16408  | 16409  |
| Hard/Cored  | .045"-1/16" ** | 16147 | 16148 | 16149 | 16150 | 16151 | 16152 | 16153 | 16119  | 16120  | 16121  |
| Stainless   | .035"045" **   | 16154 | 16155 | 16156 | 16157 | 16158 | 16159 | 16160 | 12336  | 12337  | 12338  |
| Stainless   | .045"-1/16" ** | 16501 | 16502 | 16503 | 16504 | 16505 | 16506 | 16507 | 16508  | 16509  | 16510  |
| Aluminum    | 3/64" **       | 16833 | 14146 | 14148 | 14150 | 16618 | 16619 | 12410 | 12411  | 12412  | 12413  |
| Aluminum    | 1/16" **       | 16834 | 14152 | 14154 | 14156 | 14164 | 16620 | 12401 | 12402  | 12416  | 12404  |
| Aluminum    | 3/32" **       | 16835 | 14158 | 14160 | 14162 | 14165 | 16769 | 16602 | 16602  | 12417  | 12426  |

<sup>\*\*</sup> Liners to be used with double asterisk casing (Table 4)

## **TABLE 6 - CASINGS**

| Description                  | Wire Size      | 2 Ft. | 3 Ft. | 4 Ft. | 5 Ft. | 6 Ft. | 7 Ft. | 8 Ft. | 10 Ft. | 12 Ft. | 15 Ft. |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
| Casing Assembly (Flexible)   |                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |        |        |
| Select Liner                 | .030"          | 14440 | 14441 | 14442 | 14443 | 12291 | 12292 | 12285 | 12286  | 12287  | 12290  |
| Select Liner                 | .035"-1/16" ** | 14444 | 14445 | 14446 | 14447 | 16173 | 16561 | 13565 | 13751  | 13757  | 13752  |
| Casing Assembly (Reinforced) |                |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |        |        |        |
| Single Piece                 | .035"045"      | 16735 | 16736 | 16737 | 16738 | 16739 | 16740 | 16512 | 15988  | 15991  | 16055  |
| Single Piece                 | .045"-1/16"    | 15750 | 15751 | 15752 | 15753 | 15754 | 15755 | 16513 | 12380  | 12383  | 12386  |
| Single Piece                 | 5/64"-3/32"    | 15729 | 15730 | 15731 | 15732 | 15733 | 15734 | 15735 | 12441  | 12449  | 12443  |
| Single Piece                 | 7/64"-1/8"     | 15740 | 15741 | 15742 | 15743 | 15744 | 15745 | 16515 | 12445  | 12448  | 12446  |

## **TABLE 7 - ALIGNMENT TUBES**

| DESCRIPTION                       | WIRE SIZE                | CODE NO.       |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| 2-1/2" Long 1/4" Dia. Slip-In Tip | .030"035"<br>.045"-1/16" | 16440<br>16441 |
| 4" Long 5/16" Dia. Slip-In Tip    | .030"035"<br>.045"-1/16" | 16254<br>16255 |

## **TABLE 8 - BARREL LINERS**

| CODE NO. | WIRE SIZE   | WIRE TYPE |
|----------|-------------|-----------|
| 16065    | .030"035"   | Hard      |
| 14181    | .035"045"   | Hard      |
| 14182    | .045"-1/16" | Hard      |

## **UTILITY STATION 45184 - AIR-COOLED BARRELS**

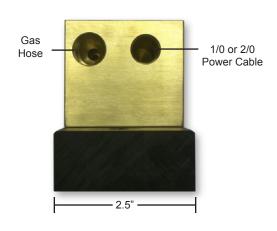
## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

| Description                          | Code No. |
|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Utility Station - Air-Cooled Barrels | 45184    |

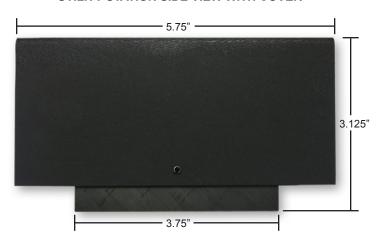
#### **DIMENSION SPECIFICATIONS**

| Base Length                   | 3.75"    |
|-------------------------------|----------|
| Overall Length                | 5.75"    |
| Base Width                    | 2.25"    |
| Overall Width                 | 2.5"     |
| Overall Height                | 3.125"   |
| Mounting Hole Center Distance | 2.75"    |
| Overall Weight                | 3.5 lbs. |

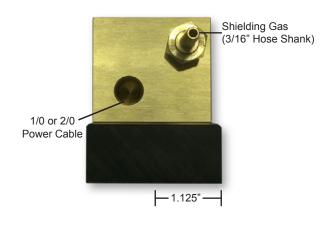
## **D/F TORCH CONNECTION**



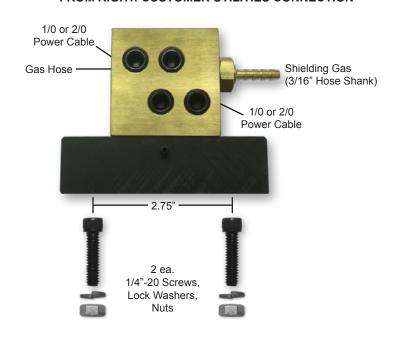
## **UTILITY STATION SIDE VIEW WITH COVER**



## **CUSTOMER UTILITIES CONNECTION**



## FROM LEFT: D/F TORCH CONNECTION FROM RIGHT: CUSTOMER UTILITIES CONNECTION



## **WIRE FEEDER ADAPTERS & INLETS**

| Manufac                |                                   | Remote Mount Adapter  |                         | Direct Mount<br>Adapter |                         |                         |       |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| Manufac-<br>turer      | Models                            | Wire Diameter   | Hard<br>or AL           | Cored                   | Stub*<br>Liner          | Hard<br>or AL           | Cored |
| ESAB®                  | D20 (20mm)                        | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  | 13098                   | 13099                   | *                       | 13096                   | 13097 |
| ESAB®                  |                                   |   | 18246                   | 18247                   |                         | 18248                   | 18249 |
| EURO                   |                                   |   | 18493                   | 18493                   |                         | 18540                   | 18540 |
| Hobart®                | All<br>Models                     | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  | 13067                   | 16087                   | *                       | 13068                   | 16225 |
| Lincoln®               | LN-7, LN-8,<br>NA5-R              | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  | 13110                   | 13112                   | *                       | 13113                   | 13116 |
|                        | LN-9                              | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  | 16581                   | 16582                   | *                       | 16528                   | 16529 |
|                        | NA3, NA5                          | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  | 16879                   | 16878                   | *                       | 16880                   | 16881 |
| "BIG MIG"              | NA3, NA5                          | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  | 16879                   | 16878                   | *                       | 16888                   | 16888 |
| Lincoln®               | Power-Feed<br>10, LF-72,<br>LF-74 | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  | 13479                   | 13469                   | *                       | 13480                   | 13468 |
| Linde®                 | SWM31<br>SWM34<br>SWM37           | Casing to Feeder<br>(Accepts Linde®<br>Outlet Guide)                                    | 13046                   |                         |                         | 13046                   |       |
|                        | SWM38<br>EH8                      | D/F Insert<br>.035"045" Hard<br>.045"-1/16" Hard<br>5/64"-3/32" Cored<br>3/64"-1/16" AL | 13047<br>13048<br>13050 | 13049                   |                         | 13047<br>13048<br>13050 | 13049 |
|                        | EH10                              | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  | 13043                   | 13052                   | *                       | 13080                   | 13079 |
| Mavrix <sup>®</sup>    | PA-10                             | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  | 16556                   | 16568                   | Requires<br>Inlet       |                         |       |
| Miller®<br>(50 Series) |                                   | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  | 16557                   | 16559                   | *                       | 16558                   | 16560 |
| OTC®                   | Requires<br>Insert                | .030"-1/8"<br>.030"-1/8"  | 18268                   |                         | *                       | 18275                   |       |
|                        | CMRE-741                          |   | 18282                   |                         |                         | 18282                   |       |
| Panasonic®             | PME-12X<br>YW50AKW1               | .030"-1/16"<br>.030"-1/16"  | 13090<br>13466          | Requires Inlet          |                         |                         |       |
| TWECO®                 | #4                                | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  | 13479                   | 13469                   | *                       | 13480                   | 13468 |
| Welding<br>Alloys®     |                                   | .030"-3/32" H/C/AL<br>5/64"-1/8" H/C  |                         |                         | res Liner<br>ires Inlet | 13486                   | 13486 |

<sup>\*</sup>Stub liners only required in feeder adapter when single-piece casing is used.

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Each D/F gun is fully assembled and ready to install. In order to make the installation complete, the code number, wire size & type, make/model of wire feeder, and inlet as needed must be specified when ordering. If special welding tools or accessories other than those listed previously are required, please consult with the factory.

#### **FEEDER ADAPTER INLETS**

| Wire Size | Steel<br>Code No. | Brass<br>Code No. | Nylon<br>Code No. |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| .030"     | 13801             | 16417             |                   |
| .035"     | 13803             | 16418             |                   |
| .045"     | 13806             | 16419             |                   |
| .052"     | 13844             | 16420             |                   |
| 1/16"     | 13809             | 16421             |                   |
| 5/64"     | 13812             | 16422             |                   |
| 3/32"     | 13814             | 16422             |                   |
| 7/64"     | 13816             |                   |                   |
| 1/8"      | 13842             |                   |                   |
| 3/64" AL  | .                 |                   | 13807             |
| 1/16" AL  | . [               |                   | 13810             |
| 3/32" AL  |                   |                   | 13815             |

Esab®, Hobart®, Lincoln®, Linde®, Miller®, OTC®, Panasonic® ABB®, Fanuc®, Kuka®, Mavrix®, Motoman®, Thermal Arc®, TWECO®, & Welding Alloys® are registered trademarks of their respective companies. Names are mentioned for reference only. D/F Machine Specialties is in no way affiliated with these companies.

## TROUBLESHOOTING: POROSITY (SUMMARY)

NOTE: Most POROSITY is caused by gas problems, followed by base metal contamination.

## **Causes of Porosity**

#### **BASE METAL CONTAMINATION**

Impurities on base metal

#### **FILLER METAL CONTAMINATION**

Impurities on filler metal (wire)

#### ATMOSPHERIC CONTAMINATION

Drafts, wind, fans, etc.

#### **GAS MIXING APPARATUS**

- 1. Too high a gas flow, causing turbulence, and/or sucking air at hose connections; creating the venturi effect at end of gas nozzle
- 2. Too low a gas flow, causing insufficient gas coverage
- 3. Damaged or kinked gas lines
- 4. Too high an oxygen content
- 5. Leaks in gas distribution system
- 6. Other impurities in gas moisture, etc.
- 7. Inconsistent gas flow (cfh) at the torch connection

#### **GAS TURBULENCE**

- 1. Excessive spatter build-up in gas nozzle and on current tip
- 2. Nozzle damage, causing uneven gas coverage
- 3. Torch gas ports clogged or deformed
- 4. Super-heated nozzle, causing shielding gas to expand rapidly and create return effect at end of nozzle
- 5.Gas diffuser/nozzle insulator missing
- 6. Too high a gas flow causing the venturi effect

#### WELDING PARAMETERS, ETC.

- 1. Too long a wire stick-out; gas nozzle too far from weld puddle
- 2. Bad torch position too sharp a torch incline causing the venturi effect at the end of the nozzle leading to atmospheric contamination
- 3. Excessively wide weld pool for nozzle I.D.
- 4. Arc voltage too high
- 5. Too high a travel speed

#### **Possible Solutions**

- a. Remove contamination; clean surfaces
- b. Use of specific wire/gas mix for specific types of impurities
- a. Replace wire
- b. Install wire-cleaning system
- c. Prevent industrial dust/dirt/grit from contaminating wire during storage or use
- d. Prevent build-up of aluminum oxide on exposed aluminum wire surface by using up quickly
- e. Remove wire from wire drive unit and store in a sealed plastic bag when not in use for long periods
- a. Protect weld from drafts (curtains/screens)
- b. Use tapered or bottleneck gas nozzles when drafts cannot be avoided
- 1a. Reduce gas flow
- 1b. Tighten all hose connection points
- 2. Increase gas flow
- 3. Repair or replace
- 4. Adjust mixer
- 5. Repair leaks
- 6. Overhaul system; fit filters and/or dryers
- Regulate pressure into flow meter for consistent cfh delivery of gas
- 1. Clean nozzle and tip regularly; spray with anti-spatter fluid
- 2. Replace nozzle
- 3. Clean or replace
- 4. Check duty cycle rating of torch
- 5. Replace
- 6. Reduce gas flow
- 1. Use longer nozzle or adjust stick-out (3/8" minimum or 15 times wire diameter)
- 2. Correct torch angle
- 3. Width of the weld pool should be 1.3 times the nozzle I.D.; use suitable wider gas nozzle
- 4. Reduce voltage
- 5. Reduce speed

## TROUBLESHOOTING: SPATTER

# Problems/Causes **SPATTER** Too fast or too slow wire feed for the arc voltage Too long an arc Damaged current tip Inclination of welding gun too great Faulty power source Incorrect start Incorrect pulse parameters Uneven wire feed Impurities on the base metal Poor ground contact Too long stick-out (short-arc welding) Incorrect polarity

#### Possible Solutions

Set the wire feed rate and voltage in accordance with good welding practices as recommended by a qualified welding engineer.

Adjust the wire feed and voltage so that the arc is in accordance with good welding practice for the joint to be welded. The distance from the current tip to the workpiece should be 15 times the welding wire diameter. If the arc is too long there will be spatter, usually in the direction of the weld.

If the current tip becomes worn the welding wire will not be in constant contact with the tip and the arc will become unstable. A current tip contaminated with spatter will cause uneven wire feed resulting in further spatter.

The angle of the gas nozzle relative to the workpiece should be between 45 and 90 degrees. If the angle is too small, the wire runs parallel to the weld pool, resulting in spatter in the direction of the welding.

Have the power source checked for faulty conditions such as broken wires and faulty contacts.

A great deal of spatter occurs if the stick-out is too great and if the welding gun is held too far from the workpiece when striking the arc. Try to start with as short a stick-out as possible and with the welding gun as close to the starting point as possible. If a large ball end is formed on the end of the welding wire, remove it by cutting the wire with sharp wire cutters. It is helpful if the wire is cut to a point. Always remove the ball end before striking an aluminum arc. Check the welding ground connection.

Check the user manual for your power supply or consult a qualified welding engineer.

Uneven wire feed gives rise to heavy spatter. Find the cause of the disturbance and correct the condition before proceeding.

Paint, mill scale, rust and other contamination on the base metal form an insulating layer causing an unstable arc that results in heavy spatter. Clean the surfaces to be welded.

Inspect ground cable for loose connections, fraying and cuts. Correct any problem areas found and attach the ground cable directly to the workpiece after having cleaned the contact surface first. POOR GROUND CONTACT IS THE MOST COMMON CAUSE OF UNSTABLE MIG WELDING CONDITIONS.

The stick-out should be 15 times the diameter of the wire electrode being used. With increasing stick-out, the current is reduced and the arc voltage rises, giving a longer unstable arc and increased spatter.

Check for correct polarity. Follow the electrode manufacturer's recommendations.

## TROUBLESHOOTING: GENERAL GUIDE

**Problems/Causes** 

**ERRATIC WIRE FEED**Slipping feed rolls

Clogged or worn gun liner

## when using compressed air to clean the liners. Make sure proper safety procedures are followed in order to avoid possible serious eye injury. Liners too long or too short Check the lengths of the liners and trim or replace if too long or too short. The efficient feeding of the welding wire is dependent on the liners fitting correctly. An unprotected coil of wire quickly collects dust and other airborne contamination. If grinding is being performed in the vicinity, particles can become attached Spatter on the wire to the wire, severely interfering with the wire feed. Replace with clean wire and keep it protected with a cover. Make sure spare wire rolls are stored in a clean, dry place. Set the brake so that the coil immediately stops rotating as soon as welding is Coil brake incorrectly adjusted interrupted. If the brake is applied too hard it will cause the feed rolls to slip, resulting in uneven wire feed. If it is too loose, overrun of the wire will occur, causing wire tangles, inconsistent tension on the feed mechanism and irregular arc characteristics. **UNSTABLE ARC** Set the wire feed in relation to the arc voltage in such a way that the arc is stable and burns evenly. In spray arc welding, set the wire feed so that there are no Incorrect setting of voltage and/or current short circuits and the filler metal is transferred in a spray across the arc. Find the cause of the interference and correct it. (See ERRATIC WIRE FEED above) When the internal diameter of the current tip becomes worn from the passage Problems in wire feeding: worn current tip of wire through it, the wire may no longer stay in continuous electrical contact with the tip. This results in an unstable arc and an increase in spatter. Paint, mill scale, silicon scale, rust or flux deposits from previous weld runs may form an insulating layer causing an unstable arc. Clean the surfaces to be welded. Securely attach the ground cable as close to the point of welding as possible on the workpiece. Clean the surfaces thoroughly to ensure good contact. Impurities on the base metal Check to insure the welding power connection on the power source is tight, the and workpiece. Connection on the wire feeder is tight, the connection to the Poor contact between ground cable and workpiece or loose power connection adaptor block is tight, Loose power connection and the connection of the gun to the adaptor block is tight. Adjust the current tip to work distance to a minimum of 3/8" for short arc welding. A more precise distance is 15 times the wire diameter. Stick-out too long

**Possible Solutions** 

with dirt and must be replaced.

Check that the feed roll size is correct for the wire size being used. Increase the drive roll pressure until the wire feed is even. Do not apply excessive pressure as this can damage the wire surface, causing copper coating to loosen from steel wires or metal shavings to be formed from soft wires like aluminum. These metal fragments or shavings can be drawn into the wire feed conduit and will rapidly clog the liner. When welding with flux-cored wires, excessive drive roll pressure

a. Dust, particles of copper, drawing lubricants, metal or flux and other forms of contamination can all clog the liner so that the wire feed is slowed or impeded. A liner that has been in use for an extended period of time becomes worn and filled

b. When changing the welding wire, remove the tip from the front end of the gun and blow out the body liner with clean, dry compressed air from the back of the gun. Repeat with the casing and liner assembly. Note: Wear safety goggles

may open the wire seam and allow flux or metal powders to escape.

## TROUBLESHOOTING: GENERAL GUIDE

| Problems/Causes                            | Possible Solutions  |
|--|---|
| AIR-COOLED GUN RUNNING TOO HOT Poor ground | Inspect ground cable for loose connections, fraying and cuts. Correct any problem areas found. Clean clamping area to insure good contact. Securely attach the ground cable to the workpiece, as close as possible to the point of welding. Make sure there is a good connection to the welding power source. |
| Loose power connection                     | Check to make sure the power connection on the power source is tight, the connection on the wire feeder is tight, the connection to the adaptor block is tight, and the connection of the gun to the adaptor block is tight.  |
| Consumable items loose or worn             | Remove nozzle from gun and inspect current tip, collet nut (tip holder) and spatter disc (gas diffuser) for wear and tightness; replace or tighten as necessary.  |
| Capacity of gun being exceeded             | Note complete weld parameters, including welding current (Amps), welding voltage, wire feed speed, type and size of wire, type of gas and flow rate of gas and consult your local Authorized D/F Machine Specialties Distributor or contact the factory.  |
| Dirty connection                           | Remove torch and inspect parts for dirt build-up. Periodic cleaning is necessary.   |

## D/F MACHINE SPECIALTIES, INC.

MIG & TIG Welding Products, Consumables & Accessories

## WARRANTY

This Equipment is sold by D/F MACHINE SPECIALTIES, Incorporated, under the warranty set forth in the following paragraph. Such warranty is extended only to the buyer who purchases the equipment directly from D/F or its authorized distributor as new merchandise.

The barrel and cable assemblies are warranted by D/F to be free from manufacturing defects for 90 days after delivery by D/F, provided that the equipment is properly operated under conditions of normal use and that regular periodic maintenance and service is performed. Expendable parts are not warranted for any specific time. Expendable parts referred to herein would be the nozzles, current tips, spatter discs, insulators, casing liners, and wire inlets. D/F's sole obligation under this warranty is limited to making replacement at its manufacturing facility for barrel assemblies which are returned to it with transportation charges prepaid, and upon D/F's examination have been found to be so defective.

Genuine D/F MACHINE SPECIALTIES, Inc. Parts, Accessories, and Consumables must be used for safety and performance reasons. The use of anything other than genuine D/F MACHINE SPECIALTIES, Inc. Parts, Accessories, or Consumables will void this Warranty. All units returned for warranty repair are subject to Warranty Inspection. Warranty and repair work shall not apply to goods that have been altered or repaired, have been subject to misuse or used while any parts are loose, broken, or damaged, or used with other than original D/F® parts, consumables, or accessories which may affect performance and safety.



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